Abstract

The production of a cold-rolled strip or sheet of steel with good deforming properties, which is subjected to recrystallizing annealing and, if appropriate, dressing operation after hot rolling, coiling and cold rolling and has a bake-hardening potential after a subsequent deformation and for a subsequent temperature the recrystallizing treatment, succeeds because annealing is carried out in a bell-type furnace while coiled and because the strip or sheet is subjected to cooling at a cooling rate of $\geq |1^{\circ}C/s|$ after the recrystallizing annealing from a temperature T of 200°C $\leq T \leq A_1$.

It is consequently possible to obtain properties of bell-annealed steels and nevertheless attain a bake-hardening effect, in particular for C contents of ≥ 0.02 .